DCFS Response to COVID-19

Frequently Asked Questions for Contracted Providers

As of September 29, 2020

DCFS is working quickly to address Contracted Provider needs and to connect you with additional resources for the children in your care by providing updated frequently asked questions to address your concerns. To help you navigate our frequently asked questions, we have highlighted all updates and are providing a table of contents hyperlinked to each question so you can quickly get to the answer you need.

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1. What is DCFS doing to screen for COVID-19 infection?

DCFS is reviewing its social work practice on a daily basis to ensure we are conducting our work in a way that avoids spreading COVID-19 and adheres to Public Health guidelines. We are striving to be mindful of the need to be proactive in our efforts to detect any possible COVID-19 infection and address it appropriately.

DCFS social work remains an essential function and must continue regardless of the COVID-19 State of Emergency in effect. This includes continuing to make face-to-face contact with children, parents, caregivers, service providers, and others. Each time DCFS staff makes face-to-face contact with anyone, whether investigating a referral, making a monthly home visit, removing or replacing children, or any other in-person contact, DCFS staff will first conduct a pre-screening telephone call with them. If the pre-screening cannot be done in advance for any reason, it will be done at the beginning of the face-to-face contact prior to entering the home. DCFS staff will ask the family or caregiver the following questions:

- Has anyone in your home/facility tested positive for COVID-19 in the past 14 days?
- In the past 14 days have you, your children, and/or anyone else in your household had any of the following symptoms?
 - Fever
 - Cough
 - Shortness of breath/difficulty breathing
 - Fatigue
 - Chills
 - Congestion or runny nose
 - Muscle or body aches
 - Headache
 - Sore Throat
 - Nausea or vomiting
 - Diarrhea
 - New loss of taste or smell
- Have you, your children, and/or anyone in your household/facility had close contact with a person who tested positive for COVID-19 with a laboratory-confirmed test in the last 14 days?

If the answer is "yes" to any of these questions, the DCFS staff will use any/all available personal protective equipment (PPE) during face-to-face visits with clients and maintain six (6) feet of distance from the parties they are interviewing with consideration given to conducting interviews outdoors if deemed appropriate and confidentiality can be kept. DCFS staff may need access to the home; however, and precautionary measures shall be taken, such as the DCFS staff requesting individuals in the home to open doors, etc. The DCFS staff may also suggest that whoever was exposed to COVID-19, or is

experiencing COVID-19 symptoms, consider seeking medical attention as well as quarantine or self-isolate, as appropriate. Workers shall carry PPE to provide for use by affected family members during inperson meetings.

Children's Social Worker monthly visitation with children/youth

On June 17, 2020, All County Letter 20-70 (see copy here) ordered that all county child welfare agencies and juvenile probation departments are to resume in-person requirements related to caseworker visits for children, wards, and nonminor dependents that were in place prior to the COVID-19 declaration of a state of emergency effective July 1, 2020.

However, remote methods of conducting monthly caseworker visits may, on a case-by-case basis, continue to be utilized under certain circumstances, including:

- The state, county, or other local public health department in the jurisdiction in which the child resides, as applicable, provides <u>direction</u> and/or shifts back to <u>Stage 1</u>.
- The family or caregiver refuses entry due to their own health and safety concerns related to the risk of COVID-19 infection. In this case, the caseworker will have to identify additional means for accomplishing the visit, such as conducting visits outdoors with appropriate physical distancing or utilizing videoconferencing.
- The family, caregiver, child, or someone else in the household been exposed to, is experiencing symptoms of, or has tested positive for, COVID-19. Caseworkers will consult with their supervisor for the appropriate measures and actions needed in these circumstances to facilitate contact and ensure proper care is being provided to the children in care.

In the event that in-person contact is not a viable option based upon the exceptions and additional considerations detailed above, the provision of waivers and flexibilities specified in <u>ACL 20-25</u> relative to remote methods of conducting monthly caseworker visits may be used, on a case-by-case basis, to accomplish the monthly visit. This additional temporary case-by-case use of the ACL 20-25 flexibilities for remote monthly caseworker visits may be utilized until Executive Order 71-20 is modified or rescinded, or until the State of Emergency is terminated, whichever occurs sooner. Only videoconference contacts will be a sufficient substitute to meet state and federal face-to-face monthly visit requirements.

Caregivers should notify their designated county representative if clients, partners, family members, etc. self-disclose they have been exposed, are in quarantine or are being tested. In those situations, consult with the Children's Social Worker regarding plans for communication between the parents, relatives and children by alternative methods, such as Skype, FaceTime or telephone.

When conducting face to face visits, caseworkers will utilize the following preventative practices:

 Practice physical distancing when in someone's home or placement facility, staying six feet away from people when possible in order to accomplish the purpose of the visit.

- Wear the appropriate PPE. Caseworkers may ask the family members or caregivers to wear a mask during an in-person visit, but they cannot require it.
- Frequently wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. If this is not feasible, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol.
- Avoid touching eyes, nose or mouth. Cover coughs or sneezes with a tissue or elbow.
 Wash hands afterwards. If this is not feasible, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol.
- Follow guidance from public health officials.

Screening for possible COVID-19 concerns at the Child Protection Hotline (CPH) on new referrals

CPH workers shall assess for awareness of potential or known exposure or confirmed presence of the COVID-19 virus—so that Emergency Response (ER) staff can be prepared when an in-person investigation may be necessary. CPH workers will try to collect as much information as possible from the caller to help inform the circumstances around the allegations and to determine whether an in-person investigation is necessary.

2. Will all DCFS children be medically screened and tested prior to placement or replacement?

For children being placed or replaced, DCFS staff will ask the child's family or previous placement the following questions:

- Has anyone in your home/facility tested positive for COVID-19 in the past 14 days?
- In the past 14 days have you, your children, and/or anyone else in your household or facility had any of the following symptoms?
 - Fever
 - Cough
 - Shortness of breath/difficulty breathing
 - Chills
 - Congestion or stuffy nose
 - Muscle or body aches
 - Headache
 - Sore Throat
 - Nausea or vomiting
 - Diarrhea
 - New loss of taste or smell
- Have you, your children, and/or anyone in your household/facility had close contact with a person who tested positive for COVID-19 with a laboratory-confirmed test in the last 14 days?

Some caregiver/providers have requested that children be tested for COVID-19 prior to accepting them for placement. The <u>Center for Disease Control and Prevention</u> and the Los Angeles County Departments of Public Health (DPH) and Health Services (DHS) have set up strict guidelines regarding who may be tested. Testing for COVID-19 is not available for asymptomatic children, unless the child is both placed in a residential facility and has been exposed to or has high risk of exposure to COVID-19.

Current Medical Hub practices specific to COVID-19 are as follows:

- 1. All Medical Hubs have the capacity to conduct medical clearances on newly detained or replaced children/youth prior to their entry into a new home/facility. A medical clearance is observational in nature and less invasive than the routine initial medical exam (IME), conducted within 30 days of initial removal and placement.
- 2. All Medical Hubs will coordinate with their facility to have COVID-19 testing for <u>symptomatic</u> DCFS children/youth across all placements. Test results are expected to be returned within 24 hours to 72 hours.
- 3. Medical Hubs are not referring children/youth who are asymptomatic (i.e., have no symptoms of COVID-19, such as fever, cough, runny nose) for testing, even if someone in the household is known to be COVID-19 positive because the test is less accurate in those situations. If you have a youth who does not have symptoms but you are concerned due to their possible exposure to someone who is at risk for or suffering from COVID-19 infection, please call the HUB-LAC COVID-19 Warmline at 323-409-3090.
- 4. Any provider with questions about any of the above should call the assigned Children's Social Worker (CSW) or the Supervising CSW (SCSW), or the Medical Hub Warmline at 323-409-3090. Additionally, the Los Angeles County Department of Health Services (DHS) created an information sheet on COVID-19 for Foster Parents and Guardians, see copy linked <a href="https://example.com/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/health/healt

The Los Angeles County Department of Health Services recently released new guidelines on COVID-19 testing. Any new hospital admission of a DCFS supervised youth for inpatient services (whether medical or psychiatric) will now be tested for COVID-19, regardless of symptoms. Symptomatic patients will be the highest priority, but asymptomatic inpatient admissions can now be tested. A copy of the new guidelines is linked here.

3. Will DCFS disclose when children in placement are showing signs of infection, have been exposed to COVID-19, or have tested positive?

DCFS will continue to practice full disclosure with caregivers/providers regarding any known exposure to COVID-19 that children had prior to placement, or during visitation with family. CSWs will inform caregivers/providers if anyone with whom a child had contact with in the last 14 days has tested positive for, or is symptomatic of COVID-19, or if the child has had any symptoms (i.e., cough, fever, runny nose,

shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, chills, chills, muscle or body aches, headache, sore throat, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, or new loss of taste or smell) within the past 72 hours, or had a positive test for COVID-19 infection.

4. What steps do caregivers/providers need to take to screen current and new residents for COVID-19 infection?

The California Department of Social Services (CDSS) All County Letter (ACL) 20-33 describes several steps that all children's residential providers should take to best plan for the children in their care (see link here) which includes:

- All children's residential providers must have clear protocols for screening new admissions, children returning from being off premises whether on planned outings or leaving without permission, and for staff who exit and enter each day.
- All children in care should be screened to determine whether they are at risk for suffering from a more severe case of COVID-19, the Center for Disease Control (CDC) provides a guide to follow for this assessment (see link here).
- If a placement assesses that a child's current placement poses a risk to that child, they should contact the child's Children's Social Worker (CSW) to discuss this concern and whether alternative placement should be explored. Options may include transferring the child to other locations within the facility that would better protect them from possible infection.
- Caregivers/providers can request for children to have medical exams at a Medical Hub, please see the information on Medical Hub procedures and capacities in #2 above. Caregivers/providers contacting the Medical Hubs for COVID-19 related support or requesting an evaluation should inform the Medical Hub that the child is in congregate care. Any caregiver/provider with questions about any of the above should contact the assigned CSW or the Medical Hub COVID-19 Warmline at 323-409-3090. Additionally, DHS has created an information sheet on COVID-19 for Foster Parents and Guardians, see copy linked here.
- Symptomatic youth can be taken to local emergency departments, urgent care settings, or same day clinics for evaluation and testing. An appointment may be needed for an office or clinic, but most emergency departments and urgent care settings will see children without an appointment. For high risk asymptomatic youth or symptomatic youth who receive medical care through DHS Hubs, please call the Medical HUB COVID-19 Warmline at 323-409-3090 for guidance on where to take the youth for evaluation and testing. Medical Hubs do not provide testing or any drop-in services for COVID-19 beyond medical clearance evaluations described in #2, above. Los Angeles County Department of Public Health has created a reference guide to labs providing COVID-19

testing, please see link here. For additional assistance on locating testing resources, please click here.

- There must be an emergency plan in place in for the following eventualities:
 - Providing care for child(ren) exposed to, symptomatic for, or have tested positive for COVID-19.
 - Providing appropriate care for children if there are staffing shortages.
 - Coordinating with placing agencies for safe transition of children to new placements should the agency no longer be able to operate due to staffing shortages.

Additionally CDSS PIN 20-12-CRP (see link <u>here</u>) includes several recommendations for facilities to review and update their infection control preparedness plan including developing an emergency plan for when or if someone is diagnosed with COVID-19 or has known exposure including the following:

- A policy for when and how direct care staff or caregivers in family settings should use PPE when
 caring for children or family members who are diagnosed with or have a known exposure to
 COVID-19. This should encourage keeping a supply of PPE on hand or developing a plan to obtain
 an initial supply upon identifying a positive or symptomatic case of COVID-19.
- A plan for everyday preventative actions for when there is no presence of COVID-19 in the facility
 or home and procedures to prevent spread of COVID-19 for staff, caregivers, and children/youth
 if there is a known exposure or a COVID-19 diagnosis. Recommendations include:
 - Frequent hand washing or hand sanitizer use.
 - Frequent cleaning and disinfecting of surfaces and things that are touched daily.
 - Cleaning of any items that are shared at the end of each day, limiting shared materials to things that are easily cleaned.
 - Temporarily removing items that aren't easily cleaned such as stuffed animals and pillows.
 - Open windows frequently and adjust HVAC systems to allow more fresh air, keep windows open in vehicles when transporting children.
- Implement social distancing strategies on congregate care settings such as:
 - Reduce group sizes to no more than 10 people per group including children and adults while still following required staff ratios for facilities.
 - Do not combine groups for activities or mealtimes, keep smaller groups when possible.
 - Keep a six-foot distance between group members (both children and staff), use large rooms like gymnasiums for multiple groups, divide the space with barriers like cones, chairs, or tables.
 - Plan activities that do not require close contact.
 - Offer outdoor play in staggered shifts to keep groups separate.
 - Limit sharing of items and ensure they are cleaned frequently. Remind children/youth and staff not to touch their faces and to wash hands after using something that has been handled by another person.

- Use virtual tools for contracted services and appointments when appropriate.
- Avoid trips with other people unless six feet of distance can be maintained.
- Eliminate family style meals, stagger mealtimes to keep space between groups in the lunch room and clean tables between lunch shifts.
- Have a sick leave policy to address staff needs including advising staff or volunteers to stay home
 if they have a respiratory illness and to report their symptoms to a manager and educating staff
 on how to self-assess symptoms before reporting to for duty.
- Monitor staff at start of shift for fever and other COVID-19 symptoms (fever, chills, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, coughing, extreme fatigue, muscle pain, headache, sore throat, new loss of sense of taste or smell, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, and diarrhea) including if possible a temperature check.
- Develop a plan for what to do if a staff member develops symptoms at work including addressing staffing needs.
- Develop a policy when staff can come out of isolation and return to work after a diagnosis of COIVD-19 including the following requirements:
 - No fever for 24 hours without the use of medications that reduce fevers AND;
 - Other symptoms have improved AND;
 - It has been at least 10 days since symptoms first appeared.
- Have a plan to accommodate staff who need to care for ill family members.
- Identify staff who may be at greater risk of severe COVID-19 disease if there are confirmed cases
 in the facility among staff or residents and allow the vulnerable staff to work from home if
 possible.
- Identify minimum staffing needs and be prepared to prioritize critical and non-essential services based on residents health status, functional limitations, disabilities, and essential facility operations.

5. Are facilities allowed to suspend admissions due to COVID-19?

On 4/23/20, CDSS issued PIN 20-08-CRP to address COVID-19 Frequently Asked Questions (copy linked here) which gives guidance on this subject. Children's Residential Program facilities cannot make a blanket no-admit policy. They should make admission decisions on an individual basis of whether or not the facility can meet the child's needs, taking into account the needs of children currently in the facility. If a licensee refuses to admit a child with COVID-19 based on individual assessment, this refusal should only be for a period of time necessary for recovery (including period of contagiousness), and the decision should be supported by documentation from a medical provider. If a facility is refusing admission based on a child's exposure to COVID-19, it should only be for a period of time necessary to ensure that the child doesn't develop the disease and the child is determined not to be contagious. These determinations should be consistent with instructions from the child's medical provider and guidance from local public health authorities.

6. How does DPH define a COVID "outbreak" in congregate living?

This depends on the type of congregate living facility. The definitions for skilled nursing, assisted living, nursing home, correctional facilities, and homeless shelters are different from other types of congregate living facilities. For all other types of congregate living facilities like those for foster children, an outbreak is two or more COVID+ cases – staff and children. Your facility should report a suspected outbreak to DPH by calling (213) 240-7491 during daytime hours or (213) 974-1234 (After Hours Emergency Operator). In the unlikely event that there is no DPH response within two business days, please immediately contact your Out-of-Home Care Technical Assistance Specialist as well as the assigned CSWs for any children placed in your home or facility.

DPH should receive any positive test results and open an outbreak investigation when the number of cases meets outbreak criteria, however, you can also call to report cases at your facility.

7. What should I do if a member of the resource family, placed children, or FFA/STRTP or Group Home staff is diagnosed with COVID-19 infection or is suspected to have COVID-19?

CDSS released ACL 20-33 which provides direct guidance to caregivers and county agencies on what to do when children in care are diagnosed with COVID-19 infection, copy linked here. A key point emphasized in the ACL 20-33 is that just because a child has been exposed to or tests positive for COVID-19 infection is not grounds to request removal of that child. The CDC notes (see link here) that most people with COVID-19 have mild illness and are able to recover at home without medical care. If a child with COVID-19 does not require hospitalization they should be cared for in their home environment if at all possible to spare them the trauma of unnecessary replacement, especially while they are ill. Additionally, unnecessary replacements could contribute to community spread of infections. Lastly, care providers need to be mindful of the fact that even if they give 14-day notice requesting removal, it will be very challenging for DCFS to be able to find a new placement for that child. If you as a care provider are having concerns about your continued ability to provide care for a child, please immediately reach out to the child's social worker to discuss your concerns.

There is a lot of information being published in print and online about the need to keep those who have COVID-19 infection and those who have been exposed to someone who is infected separate from everyone else to avoid spreading the infection. Four key concepts to understand are **isolation**, **quarantine**, **exposure**, and **cohorting**.

- **Isolation** refers to separating sick people with a contagious disease from people who are not sick.
- Quarantine is used to refer to separating and restricting the movement of people who were
 exposed to a contagious disease to see if they become sick as they may have the disease but do
 not show symptoms (definitions taken U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, link here).
- Exposure means being within six feet for 10-30 minutes or more with someone who has been diagnosed positive for COVID-19 during their period of infectiousness, starting from 48 hours before developing symptoms until time of diagnosis and isolation. A child/youth who leaves a

home or facility with or without permission without a known exposure to COVID-19 does not meet the above definition of exposure and is not subject to guarantine.

• Cohorting means grouping individuals with like conditions such as exposure, diagnosis or COVID-19 illness to be cared for in the same facility and/or bedroom. There is no public health defined limit to how many children can be together provided they have the same condition. For example, children who have been diagnosed with COVID-19 can be cohorted together. Ideally, youth who have been exposed would be housed in single rooms since not all will become infected. If this is not possible, they can be housed together. Children/youth who have been exposed should observe social distancing and should be checked for COVID-19 symptoms and fever daily (exposure and cohorting definitions taken from CDSS PIN 20-12-CRP, see link here).

The Los Angeles County Department of Public Health (DPH) has provided guidance on isolation protocols for when someone has been diagnosed with COVID-19 or for anyone providing care for someone with COVID-19, link here. Those diagnosed with COVID-19 should:

- Stay in a separate room and use a separate bathroom from other household members or residents if at all possible.
- Stay 6 feet away from others.
- Ensure good airflow in shared spaces
- Not have visitors or interact with pets.
- Not prepare or serve food to others.
- Not care for children.

It is important for case managers, placement workers, caregivers and facilities to understand that children/youth should only be placed into isolation or quarantine conditions under medical or public health instruction. If the child/youth is exhibiting symptoms, the agency or resource parent may choose to temporarily separate the child from individuals who have not been exposed, until the child is able to receive testing or further guidance is received from the child's physician or public health guidance. If quarantine or isolation is recommended by the child's medical doctor or the public health officer, then counties, facilities and/or caregivers should closely partner to ensure the developmental, traumarelated, and overall needs of each child are identified and addressed while in this restrictive setting.

For children/youth in congregate care settings, home-based options, including relatives or non-related extended family members, must continue to be identified and considered during this time to ensure the best interests and least restrictive settings for each child/youth. Counties are encouraged to consider whether the special risks and circumstances posed by COVID-19 warrant a reassessment of the child/youth's emergency plan and status of reunification. With supports and services, this may be the best time for the child/youth to be reunified or placed on an extended visit with relatives or non-related extended family members (NREFMs) who can provide the care and attention the child/youth needs while

exposed or ill and mitigating the impacts of discontinued visitation, isolation, placement disruption or capacity issues within the facility or home.

If it is believed that a child is suspected of having COVID-19, utilize sound professional judgement and prudent parenting standards by taking the following steps:

- Contact the child's primary care doctor to arrange for evaluation and testing if appropriate and to receive guidance on next steps for caring for the child/youth as well as how to best ensure the safety of other children, staff, and caregivers in the facility. If you do not have contact information for the child's primary care doctor, contact the child's social worker.
- If recommended by their physician or public health officials, separate exposed children from other youth and adults in the facility or home who have not been exposed for 14 days. If this is not feasible, consider cohorting the child or children who have been exposed with other exposed children by housing them together if they cannot be housed in single rooms. Cohorted children should still practice social distancing and be checked for symptoms daily. Similarly, children with lab-confirmed COVID-19 diagnoses may be cohorted together because they have the same diagnosis.
- If recommended by their physician or public health officials for the child or youth to be quarantined
 or isolated, it is important that agency quarantine protocols ensure that the child/youth is monitored
 appropriately for their age and has extensive developmentally appropriate engagement activities.
 The child's therapist should be consulted as needed on trauma informed practices for the use of
 quarantine with children.
- Isolation protocols should ensure children and youth have access to a laptop for schoolwork and appropriate games, movie and television streaming, books, games, and trusted adults to interact with.
- Identify specific staff or caregivers who will provide primary care. They should use PPE when caring
 for any child or youth testing positive whether or not they have symptoms. The child's social worker,
 probation officer, caregiver, facility staff, or medical provider should explain to the child what the
 PPE will look like and why it is being used before the first use by the caregiver. The child's therapist
 should be consulted as needed in this matter.
- PPE recommended when caring for COVID-19 patients includes a gown, gloves, N95 respirator (or surgical mask if an N95 is not available), and eye protection (face shield or goggles). See sequence for putting on PPE for more information.
- As a result of a positive COVID-19 diagnosis it may not be possible to continue with in-person visitation, therefore it is critical to establish clear expectations for video and telephonic visitation.

Continue to make sensible and reasonable parenting decisions for the child in your care including identifying alternate childcare options with school closures. For more information on prudent parenting standards, please see the California Department of Social Services web site, copy linked here. For serious symptoms, such as difficulty breathing, inability to keep fluids down, dehydration, confusion and other serious symptoms, please contact the child's medical provider. People with potentially life-threatening symptoms (difficulty breathing, feel pain or pressure in the chest, have bluish lips or face or are experiencing a new onset of confusion or difficulty waking up) should call or have someone call 9-1-1.

Those needing additional information and resources may call the LAC-USC COVID-19 Warmline at (323) 409-3090. This Warmline provides advice on care and screening for anyone suspected of suffering from COVID-19. As a reminder, asymptomatic children will not be tested.

The Los Angeles County DPH has also provided guidance on when to discontinue isolation, see link <u>here</u>. Persons with COVID-19 with symptoms may discontinue isolation if <u>all</u> the following conditions are met:

- At least 10 days have passed since symptoms first appeared, AND;
- At least one day (24 hours) after recovery. "Recovery" means that fever is gone for 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medications <u>and</u> respiratory symptoms (e.g. cough, shortness of breath) have improved.

DPH has also have provided information on when, why, and how long to implement quarantine for those who have been exposed to someone infected with COVID-19, link here. - They should of course selfmonitor for symptoms, and if they become symptomatic, immediately be tested and enter quarantine pending test results. If it is unknown whether a person was wearing and properly using PPE when exposed to COVID-19, they should take precaution and self-quarantine. When in doubt, please consult DPH with by calling either (213)240-7941 (during daytime hours) or (213) 974-1234 (After Hours Emergency Operator).

Those in quarantine should follow the same restrictions as someone in isolation, and should remain in quarantine for 14 days from the time of exposure for more than 10 minutes to anyone with a confirmed COVID-19 infection. Close contacts include all household members, intimate contacts, and all individuals who were within 6 feet of the infected person for more than 10 minutes while they were infectious. In addition, anyone who had contact with body fluids and/or secretions from the infected person (such as being coughed on/sneezed on, shared utensils or saliva, or provided care without wearing protective equipment) need to be in quarantine. People with COVID-19 are considered infectious 48 hours before the start of their symptoms until their isolation period ends. People quarantined may come out of quarantine if they are not symptomatic at the end of the quarantine period.

These measures will pose some unique challenges for Foster Family Agencies (FFAs) and Short Term Residential Therapeutic Programs (STRTPs) in terms of physical space and staffing. DCFS will continue

to partner with agencies to provide additional resources, such as quarantine and isolation placement options, PPEs, and DCFS staff deployed to support agencies during this difficult time. If you, a child in your care, or someone else in your household/facility has COVID-19, there is no specific treatment but you can utilize the following steps to help the person with COVID-19 feel better:

- Rest;
- Drink plenty of fluids;
- And if needed take acetaminophen to reduce fever and pain (note children younger than two should not be given over-the-counter medications without first speaking to a doctor).

Please note that the above does not stop the infected person from spreading germs and precautions must be taken to avoid infecting others. DPH provides guidelines for the care of someone with COVID-19 and what steps should be taken to minimize the spread of the virus for those who are infected, please see the copy of the link here. The CDC also provides recommendations to help prevent the spread of COVID-19 in homes and residential communities, see link here. Many of the CDC's recommendations are useful and applicable to foster homes and STRTPs as well. The CDC strongly emphasizes the importance of regularly cleaning all frequently touched surfaces including counters, tabletops, doorknobs, bathroom fixtures, toilets, phones, keyboards, tablets, and bedside tables, every day. The CDC also notes that all residents and staff should be regularly washing their hands with soap and water for at least twenty seconds. Hand sanitizer can be used as an alternative, but washing hands will be more effective in preventing the spread of COVID-19.

DPH has also provided recommendations for Congregate Living Facilities, see link here. While many of the tips provided by this document are similar to the CDC's, there are some specific additional recommendations to prevent and reduce the spread of COVID-19 within, between, and outside facilities such as:

- Assess residents daily for symptoms of acute respiratory illness and remind them to be sure to report any new symptoms to staff.
- Treat all residents with cold and flu symptoms as if they have COVID-19 and ensure isolation precautions for sick residents.
- Specific guidelines on optimal isolation and quarantine strategies for both residents and staff
 including when to discontinue either intervention.
- Instructions for proper use of PPEs.
- Sanitation and Housekeeping guidelines.
- Reporting multiple cases of symptomatic residents or staff to DPH.

If more than two residents of a home or facility become newly sick with fever and respiratory symptoms within 72 hours, DPH should be immediately notified by calling either (213) 240-7941 during daytime

hours or (213) 974-1234 (After Hours Emergency Operator). In the unlikely event that there is no DPH response within two business days, please immediately contact your Out-of-Home Care Technical Assistance Specialist as well as the assigned CSWs for any children placed in your home or facility.

Staff and resource parents providing care for children and Non-Minor Dependents (NMDs) who have been diagnosed with COVID-19 infection need to make use of PPE to avoid becoming infected as well. PPE consists of (but is not limited to) the following items:

- face mask;
- eye protection or face shield;
- · gowns; and
- gloves

People who have been diagnosed with COVID-19 should use a face mask when around others to protect those around them and prevent the chances of spreading the infection. Those who are caring for youth diagnosed with COVID-19 should wear full PPE when around the youth – facemask, gloves, eye protection, and gown according to the Center for Disease Control (see link here). All disposable PPE worn while in contact with youth diagnosed with COVID-19 should be disposed of properly in a lined container and the person doing so should make sure to wash their hands thoroughly immediately afterwards per CDC guidelines (link here). The CDC has also provided guidelines for making cloth face coverings to help slow the spread of COVID-19, see link here. For additional information on providing care to children and youth with symptoms see the DPH Guidance for Care of Children with Symptoms of COVID-19, see link here.

A caregiver becoming ill is not a reason in and of itself to discontinue care for children, rather appropriate precautions should be taken to ensure that the STRTP staff or resource parents self-isolate and alert the CSW(s) so DCFS can offer support, if necessary.

For more information, please also follow the DPH guidelines on what to do if you are exposed. For your convenience, a copy is linked here.

On 7/20/20 DPH issued additional guidance based on test results and how to best proceed when individuals have been tested for COVID-19, see copy linked here. This provides new guidance on the following:

- Any individual who has been tested for COVID-19 should follow social distancing precautions and wear a face mask whenever they leave the home, even if they are asymptomatic. If they were exposed to a known or suspected case of COVID-19 they should remain in quarantine and away from others until the results are received.
- If someone tests negative, they should still follow all social distancing guidelines and stay home
 unless they are an essential worker or need essential services. A negative test only means that

person was not infected at the time of the test, but they can still be infected at a later time. DPH stresses that if someone was tested due to their exposure to a suspected or positive case they should remain in quarantine for a full 14 days, even if the test comes back negative. The incubation period of the virus can be up to 14 days and unless the individual was tested on the 14th day from exposure a negative test earlier in the quarantine period doesn't guarantee they are not infected.

- If a person tests positive but is asymptomatic, they should stay away from the public for at least 10 days after they were tested as people can be infectious even before they show symptoms. A person exposed to a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 can be released from isolation ten days after their test if they remain symptom free.
- If someone didn't have symptoms when they tested positive but later developed symptoms during their isolation period, the clock resets on the isolation period. They must stay isolated until all of the following conditions of recovery have occurred:
 - At least 10 days have passed since symptoms first appeared, AND;
 - At least one day (24 hours) after recovery. "Recovery" means that fever is gone for 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medications <u>and</u> respiratory symptoms (e.g. cough, shortness of breath) have improved.
- If an individual was in contact with a suspected case and was in quarantine when symptoms appeared, they can be released once they recover (as defined by the conditions above) and at least 10 days have passed since symptoms first appeared even if this is before the end of the 14-day quarantine period.
- Any individual with symptoms who has been tested should self-isolate until test results are back
 and should tell all close contacts (household members, anyone with intimate contact, anyone
 who was within 6 feet for more than 10 minutes starting 48 hours before the individual's
 symptoms appeared, anyone who had contact with your body fluids/secretions) that they need
 to self-quarantine.
- If someone has symptoms but tests negative, they should still stay home until at least 24 hours after recovery (as defined above) and at least 10 days after symptoms first appeared. If that person was a contact to a suspected or known COVID-19 case, they must remain in quarantine for the full 14 days even if their test results were negative.
- People coming out of quarantine or isolation should still maintain 6 feet social distance and wear
 a cloth face covering. We are still learning about COVID-19 and how long people are infectious,
 so all preventative guidelines should still be followed for someone who has successfully
 completed isolation or quarantine.

8. Should all children in congregate care exposed to a positive COVID-19 case be tested for COVID-19 infection?

Children who have been exposed to someone with a confirmed COVID-19 test result should be presumed positive and there should be consultation with their primary medical care provider and public

health officials. DPH recommends testing all close contacts of a COVID positive individual. In addition exposed children will need to be quarantined for the safety of other children in the placement. Medical professionals have advised DCFS that testing them would not change how their case would need to be managed. If children have been exposed to someone with a confirmed COVID-19 test, and are symptomatic, they should be tested and receive appropriate medical care.

An exception to the above rule is if a child exposed to COVID-19 is going to be moved to a new placement. Replacement under those circumstances should be avoided if at all possible, to avoid stress to the child as well as minimizing the risk of additional COVID-19 transmission. If the child must be replaced, they should be tested and may need to be quarantined in their new placement after consulting with their doctor and public health officials regardless of their test results due to the possibility of a false negative test result.

9. Are there additional health risks for children who have become ill due to COVID-19, or who have since recovered from being ill from COVID-19?

On 6/22/20 CDSS released PIN 20-12-CRP to address the most current information on COVID-19 for children's residential care providers (see copy here). This PIN reports that children and youth of all ages are at risk from COVID-19 infection, but complications from COVID-19 appear to be less common among children and youth compared to adults. The most common symptoms are mild to moderate and include fever and coughing, but some infected people do not develop symptoms. Children and youth require fewer hospitalizations than adults unless they are under one year of age or have underlying medical conditions.

There is a medical condition that some children have developed after infection with COVID-19. The condition is called Multi-System Inflammatory Syndrome in Children, or MIS-C. The condition is not currently well understood and is being studied. It can occur weeks after a child experiences COVID-19, even if the child was asymptomatic for COVID-19. MIS-C is not known to be contagious. Symptoms can include persistent fever, rash, abdominal pain, vomiting or diarrhea, conjunctivitis, peripheral edema and extremity pain, hypotension, and signs of cardiac inflammation. The Los Angeles County Department of Public Health has a web page with more information, please see link here.

10. Is there additional financial support available to help support placements working with youth who have been exposed to or tested positive for COVID-19?

On April 17, 2020, the California Department of Social Services (CDSS) issued ACL 20-44 (copy linked here) which creates funding flexibilities intended to support the emergency care and placement needs of children and non-minor dependents (NMDs) due to the current COVID-19 emergency. The State has authorized child welfare agencies to provide temporary higher foster care rates to caregivers to meet the needs of children under any of the following circumstances:

- Children who have been exposed to, present symptoms of, or test positive for, COVID-19 that
 may temporarily need a higher level of specialized medical care and supervision from their
 caregivers, and potentially a higher level of services from providers.
- The child or another member of the household requires isolation or quarantine due to COVID-19
 or suspected COVID-19 and, as a result, there are increased care and supervision needs.
- The child requires a new placement due to sudden displacement brought on by the COVID-19 crisis and the child is at risk of shelter placement.
- Children who are Short-Term Residential Therapeutic Program (STRTP)-eligible and are placed in a Resource Family Home (RFH) due to lack of STRTP availability.

COVID-19 Temporary Higher Rates

- The COVID-19 temporary higher rates will be applied if any of the criteria noted above has been met. The rates are as follows:
- RFH rate: \$2609
- FFA RFH rate: \$6291
- STRTP-eligible rate: This is a negotiated amount to be determined by the OHCMD. Please contact OHCMD at (626) 569-6801.

11. What Special Incident Report (SIR) responsibilities related to COVID-19 do agencies need to remember during this time?

It is crucial to follow Special Incident Reporting guidelines in general, particularly when reporting that a child/youth has been diagnosed with, or exposed to, COVID-19. In addition, the SIR shall include what has been done in response to the diagnosis or exposure, such as isolating or quarantining the child/youth. Additionally, please ensure you submit daily SIR addendums on any COVID-19 related incidents involving youth or staff at your facilities to regularly update DCFS on the status.

The drop down selection Menu in the iTrack System/Cross Reporting section has been updated to include a COVID-19 option. In addition to the existing Cross Reporting process to select the CSW/DPO, OHC Manager and CCL, please select this option when reporting incidents that include COVID-19 related matters such as positive COVID-19 tests, exposure to caregivers, staff, relatives or other persons that have a positive COVID-19 test or suspicion of exposure to a person that has a pending or positive COVID-19 test result. This new feature will result in COVID-19 specific emails being sent to additional OHCMD staff and managers that will receive the SIRs and enhance the process for capturing and reporting COVID-19 related data on a daily basis and in a timely fashion.

It is important to report all incidents pertaining to COVID-19 that impact children in out-of-home care and ensure your assigned Out-of-Home Care Quality Assurance Section Technical Assistance Specialists

(TAS) are kept abreast of all related occurrences. The caregiver/provider should immediately call the assigned TAS to alert them. If they are unable to speak to them or it is after hours, a weekend, or a holiday, the caregiver/provider shall send an email notification to include the same information that will be noted in the narrative of the SIR to ensure appropriate precautionary measures can be initiated timely. Addendums should be submitted immediately upon receipt of additional information regarding the status for a child/youth/NMD or caregiver if she/he has tested positive. SIRs/Addendums should be generated to report COVID-19 exposure of children/youth/NMD, caregivers and staff, COVID-19 testing and results, including isolation/quarantine plans and updates of significant changes in health status.

Per contract mandate, all SIRs should be cross reported to the assigned CSW. If manually adding a child/youth/NMD to the SIR due to the inability to select from the drop down menu, the SIR cannot be cross-reported to the child's CSW and must be emailed to the CSW. Additionally, when submitting SIRs to report COVID-19 related incidents involving placed children, youth, NMDs, staff or Resource Parents, please ensure you select the appropriate incident type. The incident types under Injury, Illness, Accident include: Emergency Room Visit, Urgent/Medical Visit, Hospitalization (Medical), Illness. Please note you may select more than one incident type, if applicable. The SIR should provide specific details in the narrative to include, for example: Positive COVID-19 test results.

Please refer to the Contract Exhibit A-5 and the chart below for more information:

How	To Whom	When
Telephone	Local Fire Authority for all fires and explosions (Section 80061(b)(1) of CCR)	Immediately
	Local Health Officer for all epidemic outbreaks [California Code of Regulations §80061(b)(1)]	Immediately
	CSW or DPO	Within 24 hours
	OHCMD QAS or PPQA CM OD	Within 24 hours
	CCLD	Within 24 hours
I-Track	CSW or DPO	Within 24 hours
(Email only if I-Track		
is	OHCMD QAS or PPQA CM	Within 24 hours
down)	CCLD	Within 24 hours

12. Is it required to identify staff by name in an SIR involving a staff member who has tested positive or has been exposed to COVID-19 infection?

Facilities are not expected to identify staff who have tested positive for COVID-19 by name. The SIR should list the staff job title, their duties and role in the placement, to what extent they have contact with the youth, and if the staff has since been quarantined or isolated due to a positive COVID-19 diagnosis. The staff should be referred to as Staff #1, Staff #2, etc. Facilities should number the staff in

the order they have been reported on COVID related SIRs. In other words, if John Doe was the first staff to be reported as being positive for COVID-19 in a SIR, John Doe would be Staff #1. If Jane Doe was the second staff for your agency reported as positive, she would be referred to as Staff #2, and so forth. Facilities will need to keep internal records of this reporting so any future SIRs involving those staff will be consistent in referring to staff by the same designation across all SIRs. In the above example, John Doe should always be Staff #1 and Jane Doe should always Staff #2 across all SIRs. Please note, this is only for SIRs reporting staff as being positive for COVID-19 or containing other confidential medical information for staff.

13. Does an SIR need to be submitted for school closures?

SIRs are no longer required to be submitted due to school closures.

14. What should facilities do for youth education while schools are closed due to COVID-19?

CDSS PIN 20-08-CRP (copy linked here) advises facilities to stay in touch with youths' school districts and read all announcements on their web-sites, as many have initiated distance learning that should be implemented for all youth. Staff should ensure participation, review assignments, and assist youth in establishing a pace for completing assignments by creating a distance learning schedule and routine that includes breaks & free time. Additionally, DCFS has provided a list of online educational resources at the end of this FAQ to help facilities provide their youth with options for their continued education.

15. How can Providers access needed technology resources for foster youth in grades K-12?

California Dept of Education and CDSS are now granting funds to provide technology access to foster youth in grades K-12. DCFS is coordinating requests for devices with iFoster on behalf of all LA County foster care agencies and children.

Child welfare agencies should request technology through their CSW for any students (K-12+) who do not have technology access at this time using the protocol described below. Equipment requests should be submitted to the assigned <u>CSW</u> who will submit a referral to Youth Development Services (YDS).

In order to ensure that no youth are falling through the cracks, we strongly encourage each agency to centrally coordinate an assessment of the remaining need for devices using the prescribed guidance. All foster youth ages 5 and up can receive a free phone with an unlimited data plan that can serve as a hotspot (iFoster will need to obtain caregiver consent for any child 5-12 before proceeding). College and high school students (including those transitioning into college in the Fall) can request a Laptop/Chromebook. K-8 students can request a tablet.

Devices are available as follows:

Foster Youth Student	Laptop/Chromebook	Phone/Hotspot	Tablet	Complete Request Form
Graduating High School Students attending	X	X		HS Grads
College in the Fall				
High School Students grades 9 to 11 and 12 th graders NOT college bound	X	X	X	High School
K-8th grade		X	X	K-8

The devices will be sent to the CSWs who in turn will contact the FFA when it is received.

If a situation arises where there is a need to follow up with YDS directly regarding a request submitted by the CSW, agency leadership may contact Independent Living Program Manager Jill Franklin frankl@dcfs.lacounty.gov and copy Bella Kasimyan kasimb@dcfs.lacounty.gov for assistance.

16. Is visitation between children and parents or relatives still required?

On April 6, 2020 the Judicial Council of California issued an emergency order clarifying rules for courts in California during the COVID-19 pandemic that set new expectations for visitation for children and parents (see order linked here). A key feature of this order is that all changes in visitation during this time must be made on a case by case basis, balancing public health directives and best interest of the child(ren) and take into consideration whether in-person visitation may still be held safely. Visitation may only be suspended if the court finds it would be detrimental to the child(ren) based on the facts of that particular case. The order explicitly states that the court cannot find detriment solely based on 'The existence of the impact of the state of emergency related to the COVID-19 pandemic or related public health directives." Based on this order, DCFS is providing the following guidance on visitation, but if you have any questions please reach out to the CSW assigned to the case.

During the state of emergency related to the COVID-19 pandemic, all court ordered in-person visits between parents/legal guardians, children, siblings, and anyone else should continue; however, social workers are to determine the manner of visitation to promote and maintain family bonds. Family visits are to take place: In-person, remotely by using videoconferencing (e.g. Skype, FaceTime, Zoom, Google Hangouts, etc.) or by telephone calls. During this stressful time, we encourage liberal use of virtual visits and phone calls, with a reminder that visits are for children of ALL ages and parents of babies are entitled to virtual visits as well. Contact your social worker if you have questions about your visitation plan.

CDSS PIN 20-12-CRP (copy linked <u>here</u>) includes the following recommendations on how to continue safe in-person visitation:

Meet at an outdoor location where there are few people while maintaining social distancing.

- Wear a cloth face covering and maintain a distance of six feet from other people where possible.
- Post signs, or ask visitors, staff, and volunteers to self-identify relevant symptoms prior to entry.
- Share information with family members of children/youth about the measures being taken to protect children/youth from COVID-19.
- Assure visitors they are vitally important to the children/youth in care and work with them to maintain visits, if at all possible, as well as frequent calls and video conferencing.
- Ask family members and other visitors if they have the needed technology to initiate or receive calls and/or video conferencing. If they do not, work with them and the county child welfare agency to obtain what is needed.
- Assist family members and other visitors to create a schedule for calling and video conferencing with the child/youth in the facility or home.

17. How are DCFS CSWs deciding on plans for in-person visitation by parents, family, and NREFMs with children during the current COVID-19 State of Emergency?

CSWs are considering the following for EVERY case when determining whether in-person visits should continue:

- 1. What is in the best interests of the child/youth?
 - Will in-person visits jeopardize the health and/or safety of the child/youth?
 - Will in-person visits jeopardize the stability of the child's/youth's placement?
 - What manner of visitation is most consistent with meeting the developmental and emotional needs of the child/youth?
- 2. Can face-to-face visits occur safely?
 - Have any of the participants in the visitation been experiencing any symptoms consistent with the a cold or flu?
 - Have any of the participants been exposed to someone who has been experiencing any symptoms consistent with a cold or the flu?
 - Have any of the participants been exposed to someone who tested positive for COVID-19?
 - Can a CSW/HSA/relative/NREFM/other monitor facilitate visits safely?
- 3. Can visits be held in compliance with current public health orders?
 - Can visitation be arranged in accordance with the Safer-at-Home directive?
 - Can social distancing, frequent hand-washing, use of facial coverings, and use of other Personal Protective Equipment directives be upheld during visits?
 - Is the Resource Parent in support of out-of-home and/or in-home

face-to-face visits?

Please note that changes made to visitation may require CSWs to provide notice to parties involved and their attorneys. Any changes made to visitation need to be made only after consulting with the assigned CSW and obtaining DCFS approval.

DCFS is relying on caregivers/providers to provide vital information regarding children in their care to make the best decisions possible during this difficult time. If you have a concern regarding a plan for visitation, you should immediately discuss the matter with the assigned CSW. If you still have concerns after that conversation, you should ask to speak to the SCSW assigned to the case.

Family connections that are essential to the wellbeing of the child should be maintained consistent with screening protocols and social distancing recommendations, including outside visits. If the youth has had several overnight visits and is due to return home soon, the child's/youth's Children's Social Worker or Deputy Probation Officer may evaluate whether an extended home visit during this time period may be appropriate if existing Court orders permit such a visit.

18. How will visits/contact between children and family members be held if they cannot be done in person?

If in-person visits are not viable, the following must be considered:

- 1. Type/Manner of Visits
 - What access do the parents and Resource Parents have to technology?
 - Are the parents and children/youth able to engage in virtual visits via FaceTime, Skype, Facebook, Zoom, or through other available resources?
 - Do the parents and Resource Parents have access to telephones?
 - The most life-like visitation is the preferred manner.
- 2. Frequency and Duration of Visits
 - When determining the frequency and length of each visit, consider the developmental stage of each child/youth.
- 3. Quality of Visits
 - The visits should be coordinated and arranged to be meaningful to both the parents and children/youth.
- 4. Modified Visitation Schedule
 - Once the manner and participants of the visits have been determined,

- CSWs should devise a visitation schedule between family members and Resource Parents to arrange family contact.
- A copy of the newly modified visitation schedule should be shared with the parents/guardians, Resource Parents, and child/youth (if appropriate).

When in-person visits do not occur, the resource parent should provide video conferencing, such as FaceTime or Skype, and/or increased phone calls with family members and other social contacts should occur to provide the child(ren) and family members with some comfort. This type of contact may assist children, their siblings and parent(s) by occurring more often than it would have in a face-to-face visit.

A tool to assist with helping parents and caregivers to use technology to stay connected to their children may be viewed by clicking here.

https://haralambie.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/When-You-Cant-Be-There-in-Person.pdf

Please be creative with alternative planning during this difficult time. If you have any questions about the appropriateness of an alternative plan for visitation, please consult the assigned Children's Social Worker.

Technology resources for youth

iFoster is currently offering technology access to foster youth ages 13-24, which includes: free, unlimited high-speed data hotspots, headsets, and laptops to assist in taking online classes. For additional information on their available resources, call or email iFoster at: 1-855-936-7837 or phone@ifoster.org.

Child and Family Team Meetings

We recognize that families, youth and providers may need extra support as they navigate this unprecedented crisis and disruption. The Child and Family Team (CFT) process serves as an essential strategy to ensure families and providers can continue caring for children and that the County is aware of the practical and emotional needs of caregivers and children during this time. The CFT also will serve as a critical point of communication, support, and response for circumstances when a child, caregiver, or staff become exposed to COVID-19. Further, locating alternative placements for children will be extremely challenging, and the Child and Family Team is an essential strategy to preserve the ability of families and providers to care for our children.

When it is not possible or advisable to conduct CFT meetings in person, CFT meetings may be conducted using alternative options, including using videoconference or teleconference technology (with several free options, such as Skype, Zoom, or http://www.freeconferencecall.com available).

CFT meetings focused on the immediate and contingency planning needs of children in home-based placements and in congregate care placements at risk of placement disruption or who may be particularly significantly impacted by disruptions related to COVID-19 will be prioritized. It is recommended that, in less urgent circumstances, communication should occur with the child's team to ensure the family understands how to request assistance or a team meeting if challenges arise.

Dependency Court Hearings in Los Angeles County

NMDs, youth, and caregivers of children:

Please contact the assigned attorney regarding your court appearance. If you do not have an assigned attorney, please call (323) 980-1700.

19. What should we do if a youth leaves placement without permission and then returns to their foster home or STRTP placement?

As with anyone coming to a facility, a youth returning from runaway or unauthorized absence should be kept separate from other residents of the home or facility while being assessed for risk of COVID-19. Upon return, they should be asked to immediately and thoroughly wash their hands and assess their physical health to determine whether they have been exposed to COVID-19 or are experiencing any medical symptoms indicative of COVID-19, such as fever, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, chills, muscle or body aches, headache, sore throat, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, or new loss of taste or smell (per Los Angeles Department of Public Health, see link here).

If the youth has any of the above symptoms, the situation should be reviewed with the youth's doctor and public health officials to determine whether they should be placed in quarantine to ensure the safety of other residents and staff. If the child/youth is exhibiting symptoms, the agency or resource parent may choose to temporarily separate the child from individuals who have not been exposed, until the child is able to receive testing or further guidance is received from the child's physician or public health guidance. The youth should also be interviewed regarding their activities while gone from placement without permission to determine the level of risk of infection they were exposed to during that time.

If the youth is not willing to disclose any information about their time away from placement, strong consideration should be given towards placing them in quarantine to avoid risk of infection to other residents of the home or facility.

CDSS PIN 20-08-CRP (copy linked here) also advises that facilities should inform all residents of this protocol currently placed there so they know what to expect should they have an unauthorized absence and subsequently return. CDSS PIN 20-12-CRP (copy linked here) also provides additional

recommendations for children initially placed in a facility or home who leave and return to the facility or home for approved reasons (such as a visit) or unapproved reasons:

- For children/youth who are initially placed in a facility or home, CDPH does not recommend that testing for COVID-19 be a condition of placement unless there is known exposure to COVID-19.
- Upon entry or return, ask the child/youth to wash hands.
- Allow the child/youth to be with the other children and adults in the home/facilities.
- Watch for symptoms such as fever, chills, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, coughing, extreme tiredness, muscle or body aches, headache, sore throat, new loss of taste or smell, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, and diarrhea.
- If a child/youth refuses to follow these precautions, identify an influential adult to assist with youth engagement, and consult with the child/youth and family team to identify creative solutions or incentives.
- Current CDPH guidelines do not include the immediate change of clothing or bathing upon
 returning to a home or facility. Caregivers and facilities are not instructed to require such practices
 as they are not congruent with current CDC or CDPH guidelines and doing so may be in violation of
 a child's/youth's personal rights.

20. Are we able to take children and youth on outings?

Per the Department of Public Health and Governor Gavin Newsom's executive order of March 19, 2020, significant protective measures are ordered to stem or slow the spread of COVID-19 within the County of Los Angeles. These orders include that all individuals residing in California are to remain at home or their residence except as needed to maintain critical infrastructure and services. As such, everyone is required to stay home except to get food, care for a relative or friend, get necessary health care, or go to an essential job. Therefore, outings are not permitted. Children and youth may go outside on the home or facility's property, but should follow public health guidance regarding face coverings and physical distancing.

21. Do youth need to wear PPE if we take them out of the home or facility?

If you need to take a child out of your home or facility for a medical appointment or other critical activity, all children age two and over need to wear a cloth mask to protect them while out in public. Children from ages two to eight can wear face coverings, but should be closely supervised to avoid risk of choking or suffocation. Children under the age of two should not wear cloth face masks. For more information please see the Centers for Disease Control guidance on cloth face masks (copy linked here).

In addition to CDPH guidelines, counties may have requirements or orders that extend beyond CDPH guidance, such as the use of cloth face coverings while out in public. Counties, licensees and home-based caregivers are strongly encouraged to follow local requirements or orders.

22. Where can I get updated information from LA County about COVID-19?

The Department of Children and Family Services has established the following website with information about COVID-19. Los Angeles County and the state of California, and the California Department of Social Services Community Care Licensing Division have their own information pages on COVID-19 as well. Please see the links below for additional guidance and support:

- Department of Children and Family Services
 https://dcfs.lacounty.gov/COVID-19-covid-19-updates/
- Los Angeles County https://covid19.lacounty.gov/
- State of California https://covid19.ca.gov/
- California Department of Social Services Community Care Licensing Division https://www.cdss.ca.gov/inforesources/community-care-licensing

The California Department of Public Health (CDPH) has issued guidance regarding the most effective methods of preventing the spread of COVID-19, including basic precautions like washing hands for 20 seconds and refraining from touching your face. CDPH has also released guidance indicating that Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should only be used by healthy individuals in specific circumstances (i.e., when staff are in prolonged close contact with someone with a suspected or confirmed COVID-19 infection). The CDPH guidelines are available by clicking the link here.

23. Who can I contact regarding questions related to supply disruption of food/medication/other basic necessities or challenges in obtaining these items and other urgent issues?

The Department of Children and Family Services is working quickly to help accommodate and address provider needs or connect you with additional resources for the children in your care during this time. The following interim points of contact have been established to report urgent issues and needs for food and/or emergency supplies including PPEs:

- Luz Moran, Department of Children and Family Services
 Contact at (562) 965-1610 or moranl@dcfs.lacounty.gov for emergency supplies
- 2. Andrya Markham-Moguel, Department of Children and Family Services
 Contact at (213) 840-0270 or OHCMDQAS1@dcfs.lacounty.gov for all other urgent DCFS issues

3. We now have dedicated inbox for providers to request PPEs. PPERequest@dcfs.lacounty.gov

Please note also that on April 14, 2020, CDSS issued a PIN 20-08-CCLD: Guidelines for Providers Requesting Stores to Waive Supply Limitations due to COVID-19 (see copy linked here). This PIN details procedures for Providers to be able to resume buying bulk supplies for their facilities by contacting designated staff at facilities that are members of the California Grocers Association (CGA).

24. Can agencies transition to remote work?

The Community Care Licensing Division has confirmed that until further notice, Foster Family Agencies may use their professional judgment to permit Foster Family Agency social workers to telecommute and to use technology to conduct in-home visits instead of going in person, which can include, but not be limited to, phone calls, video-chatting, FaceTime, Skype, Zoom, etc.

For Community-Based Support Division providers, such as Family Preservation, Prevention and Aftercare, Partnerships for Families, Child Abuse Prevention, Intervention, and Treatment, and Adoption Promotion Support Services, provider staff may use technology to conduct virtual visits and to comply with other contract requirements such as in-person groups and counselling. Whenever possible, there should be a provider staff on site for emergencies or walk-in clients; however, if this is not possible, contact numbers should be posted at the site's doors. These contact phone numbers shall be staffed during business hours.

25. Can Mental Health Service Providers continue to provide services to youth?

On March 14, 2020, the State of California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) issued Behavioral Health Information Notice 20-009, to provide guidance for behavioral health programs regarding ensuring health and safety during the COVID-19 public (https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/Documents/COVID-19/IN-20-009-Guidance-on-COVID-19-for-Behavioral-Health.pdf). DHCS encourages counties and providers to take all appropriate and necessary measures to ensure beneficiaries can access all medically necessary services while minimizing community spread. Additionally, on March 19, 2020, the Department of Mental Health sent a letter to providers to give guidance on the provision of mental health services to children and youth. The letter emphasized that providing medically necessary specialty mental health services are a priority of the Department. DMH has indicated that they will continue operations and it is expected that providers will continue their vital role in providing services to high need individuals, children and families.

26. Psychotropic Medication Authorizations (PMAs) are normally submitted via fax, but our staff are working from home and do not have access to a fax machine. Is there another way we can submit PMA requests?

Should a youth need an initial PMA or an update to their psychotropic medication, the JV-220 can be submitted via email at: PMA@dcfs.lacounty.gov. The DCFS PMA desk requests that senders also submit an email address for the prescribing physician next to the doctor's fax number so that we can continue to communicate electronically with the prescriber in the event there is a question regarding the PMA.

27. Will the Providers be expected to adhere to all contract requirements during this time?

On March 18, 2020, the Community Care Licensing Division (CCLD) held a teleconference with Children's Residential Providers to provide state guidance to help address licensing related concerns. This included a Statewide blanket waiver for certain regulations. A Provider Information Notice (PIN 20-04-CRP) was issued on April 3, 2020 a copy is linked here for your reference. The PIN provides extensive guidance on how children's residential providers may best prevent, contain, and mitigate the spread and effects of the COVID-19 pandemic similar to the guidance provided in this FAQ.

The PIN also provides details on many new statewide waivers that can be implemented by children's residential providers to allow them to better respond to challenges presented by the COVID-19 pandemic.

<u>Visitation Waiver</u>

Children's residential providers may limit entry to only individuals who need entry as necessary for prevention, containment, and mitigation measures as by the CDC (see link here), the California Coronavirus (COVID-19) Response (see link <a href=here), DPH (see link <a href=here), and local health departments (see link <a href=here).

In lieu of in-person visits, providers should arrange for alternate communication through phone calls, video calls, social media, and other online communications to maintain family connections consistent with screening protocols and social distancing recommendations. Communications should allow for private and/or confidential communications as required by law. This waiver does not apply to in-person visits mandated by a court order or law, such as by a CSW or probation officer.

<u>ACL 20-70</u> requires Foster Family Agencies to resume the monthly in-person caseworker visit with some allowable exceptions. Remote methods of conducting monthly caseworker visits may, on a case-by-case basis, continue to be utilized under certain circumstances, including:

- The state, county, or other local public health department in the jurisdiction in which the child resides, as applicable, provides <u>direction</u> and/or shifts back to <u>Stage 1</u>.
- The family or caregiver refuses entry due to their own health and safety concerns related to the risk of COVID-19 infection. In this case, the caseworker will have to identify additional means for accomplishing the visit, such as conducting visits outdoors with appropriate physical distancing or utilizing videoconferencing.

• The family, caregiver, child, or someone else in the household been exposed to, is experiencing symptoms of, or has tested positive for, COVID-19. Caseworkers will consult with their supervisor for the appropriate measures and actions needed in these circumstances to facilitate contact and ensure proper care is being provided to the children in care.

In the event that in-person contact is not a viable option based upon the exceptions and additional considerations detailed above, the provision of waivers and flexibilities specified in <u>ACL 20-25</u> relative to remote methods of conducting monthly caseworker visits may be used, on a case-by-case basis, to accomplish the monthly visit. This additional temporary case-by-case use of the ACL 20-25 flexibilities for remote monthly caseworker visits may be utilized until Executive Order 71-20 is modified or rescinded, or until the State of Emergency is terminated, whichever occurs sooner.

The Los Angeles county FFA Statement of Work (SOW) requirements go above the State requirements for in-person caseworker visits and requires that, "CONTRACTOR's social work staff shall make weekly face-to-face contacts with the child(ren) during the first three months of placement. Two of the weekly contacts each month shall occur in the Resource Family Home. CONTRACTOR's social work staff shall make at minimum twice per month, approximately 14 days apart, face-to-face contacts with each child and Resource Parents after the first three months, all of which shall occur in the Resource Family's Home." DCFS is temporarily relaxing this requirement and allowing Foster Family Agencies to do virtual caseworker visits with children as long as the agency conducts the State-required monthly in-person caseworker visit (with allowable exceptions for virtual visits).

Planned Activities, Social and Extracurricular Activities, Child/Family Councils Waiver

Children's residential providers may cancel planned activities, in-person group meetings, and social or extracurricular activities as necessary for prevention, containment, and mitigation measures. CFTs provided to children in foster care are not required to be conducted as in-person meetings. Facilities should accommodate the use of video conferencing, teleconferencing, or other technology to support and actively participate in CFT meetings conducted remotely. All other requirements related to the provision of CFTs, as described in ACLs 16-84 and 18-23, and Welfare & Institutions Code, Sections 16501 and 16501.1, are not waived and remain in effect for all children in foster care.

Buildings and Grounds/Home Environment/Bedroom Sharing Waiver

Buildings and grounds requirements related to bedroom sharing are waived as necessary for prevention, containment, and mitigation measures, as long as the health and safety of a child is not compromised, and the arrangement has been assessed as appropriate using the bedroom sharing arrangement factors set forth in the regulations. This waiver may be implemented only as needed to isolate or quarantine a child who is exhibiting symptoms of a respiratory virus, or who has tested positive for COVID-19. A

provider shall not isolate a child who has tested positive in the child's room only, but shall arrange for the child to engage in appropriate activities at the facility or home in isolation from other children who have not been exposed or who are not exhibiting symptoms. Any isolation of a child shall be based on guidance provided by the CDC, DPH and local health departments.

Capacity Waiver

Capacity requirements are waived to the extent there is an immediate need for placement of additional children due to isolation or quarantine requirements at another facility or home as a result COVID-19, under the following circumstances:

- 1. As long as staffing, care and supervision remains sufficient to meet the health and safety needs of children in care;
- Capacity at a licensed foster family home shall only be waived if the county placing agency seeking placement in the home is aware that the home is at capacity, and the licensee retains a written request from the county placing agency; and
- 3. Capacity at a home certified or approved by an FFA, shall only be waived if approved in writing by the FFA and in consultation with the county placing agency and local health department.

This waiver shall not apply to a small family home or FFA home caring for children with special health care needs or intensive services foster care (ISFC) youth.

Staffing Ratios Waiver

Personnel staffing ratios for licensed providers, not including a licensed foster family home, certified family homes or an approved home of a foster family agency, are waived as necessary for prevention, containment, and mitigation measures as long as the provider is able to meet the health and safety needs of children in care. Licensees shall continue to provide the services identified in each child's needs and services plan as necessary to meet the child's care and supervision needs. If a licensee adjusts staffing as allowed by this waiver, each child's care and supervision needs shall be considered and met. The required written notice to CDSS for use of this waiver shall include what the adjusted ratio is for each program and the facility's plan to meet the health and safety needs of children in care.

This waiver shall not apply to ratios mandated by Department of Health Care Services Medi-Cal certification or mental health program approval requirements. This waiver does not authorize any changes regarding staffing ratios applicable to the care of children under six years old in temporary shelter care facilities, transitional shelter care facilities, or group homes.

Personnel Requirements

CCLD is waiving certain personnel requirements for licensed providers (not including licensed foster family home, certified family home, or an approved FFA home) to enable staff to start working immediately if there is a staff shortage as a result of COVID-19. New direct care staff (not including certified administrators or facility managers) may start working pending completion of training, education, and experience requirements once they provide proof of completion of first aid training and after they are trained on universal, droplet, and other precautions mandated by CDC guidelines.

New staff must still be trained on the tasks they will be performing and shall not be left unsupervised while children are present in the facility. Initial training requirements must be met within 30 days of starting employment. CCLD is also waiving initial TB testing if they complete a TB Risk Assessment Questionnaire (copy linked here) prior to beginning employment and the licensee ensures the employee is tested as soon as possible.

Additional Waivers

CCLD also approved waivers addressing administrators and administrator trainings. Vendors may conduct these trainings via live-streaming with certain conditions and requirements. Administrator Certification testing is suspended during the State of Emergency, so prospective administrators may apply for a conditional certificate with the understanding that they must take and pass the in-person test once the State of Emergency has been lifted. Continuing education requirements for administrators are waived during the State of Emergency; administrators may complete their continuing education via live-streaming services as well, however.

Terms and Conditions for Waivers

The above waivers are to be used as needed in a reasonable manner that protects children's confidentiality rights and in accordance with guidance from CDSS, health care providers, CDC, DPH, and local health departments. When a provider implements any of these waivers they must notify CDSS in writing, and post the waiver in a public location within the facility or home. Any provider policies that are revised to include these waivers must be available to the public, provided to their CDSS Regional Office, and include a written justification for the waiver. The provider must inform any family member or child's representative impacted by these waivers.

Additionally, your local licensing office has been directed to primarily focus on all issues related to COVID-19, as normal activities in these offices have been paused. CCLD will help providers to acquire the resources they need to continue to provide quality care.

In addition to the waivers being offered by CDSS CCLD detailed above, the DCFS Out-of-Home Care Management Division (OHCMD) has made changes in requirements for children's residential providers to help address the current situation.

Report on Staffing Ratios/Changes

FFAs and STRTPs are asked to send an email to their assigned DCFS Out-of-Home Care Management Division (OHCMD), Quality Assurance Section, Technical Assistance Specialist (TAS) to report staffing ratios or changes due to reported COVID-19 exposure, positive tests, isolation, and quarantine. DCFS continues to need the services of FFAs and STRTPs for children's placements and this information is needed to assess the impact of COVID-19 on care being provided to children, and allow the Department to plan accordingly.

Emergency Plans

OHCMD has requested all providers upload their emergency COVID-19 plans into the Electronic Program Statement Submittal System.

DCFS Contracts Administration Division (CAD)

The DCFS Contracts Administration Division (CAD) converted all in-process reviews and follow-ups to electronic meetings (via Zoom, Skype, conference call) including exit conferences, Corrective Action Plan (CAP) follow-ups, and entrance conferences. Please contact CAD if you would like to request to delay a review.

Clothing Allowances

Providers must purchase emergency clothing, as needed, and should purchase clothing in order to meet the child's Clothing Standard. All clothing allowance and weekly allowance amounts are to be credited to each placed child, and any unspent funds should be banked for each child. These allowances will continue to be issued as required to Nonminor Dependents (NMDs) who may need this money to buy food and cleaning supplies. As children, youth, and NMDs exit placement, they should receive all owed weekly and clothing allowance money they have not yet received. Any children, youth, or NMDs who have been given liberal passes by providers to allow them to stay with another adult should receive these allowances in a timely fashion. Plans for distribution of banked weekly and monthly clothing allowances should be developed in Child and Family Team Meetings.

While previously most retail stores were closed, on May 25, 2020 Governor Gavin Newsom authorized for retail establishments to reopen for business. DCFS encourages caregivers/providers to resume purchasing clothing for children and youth in their care and any banked clothing allowances should be issued with full accounting for all issued funds. Should the resource parent/caregiver want to continue banking the allowance amounts during the State of Emergency, plans for banked weekly and monthly clothing allowances should be developed and approved by the Child and Family Team.

Initial Medical & Dental Exams

DCFS is giving caregivers/providers additional leeway in ensuring that children placed with them receive their initial medical and dental exams in a timely fashion. Current DCFS policy requires infants (0-36 months) or "High Risk" children must be medically examined within ten (10) days of initial placement, or sooner if medically required or recommended. Foster children four (4) years of age and older who are not considered high risk, must have a medical examination within 30 days of the initial placement. DCFS is allowing substitute care providers to delay the initial exams by up to 30 days due to the additional challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic. Please note: this extension is <u>only</u> for children who are otherwise believed to be healthy with no known medical conditions that would require sooner evaluation and treatment. If a child is known to have a medical condition or presents with concerning symptoms, the placement is expected to ensure that the child is seen for appropriate medical care promptly.

If after this additional 30-day period has expired the foster parent or STRTP is still unable to arrange initial medical and dental exams, they need to contact the case carrying CSW and their Out-of-Home Care TAS to inform them of the delay and discuss plans to make arrangements for the initial exams. Agency staff are responsible for maintaining a log and tracking all delayed medical and dental exams, and following up to ensure that the children receive these examinations within the allowable extended periods.

28. Can funding continue for Nonminor dependents age 21 and older?

On April 17, 2020, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-53-20, which authorized continued payments for Non-Minor Dependent's (NMD) 21 and older through June 30, 2020. As a result of an amendment to Assembly Bill 89, Extended Foster Care funding is continued for any NMD who is turning 21 after June 30th through June 30, 2021. This extension of funding for NMDs 21 and older is automated and does not require a request by the NMD, caregiver or CSW. CSWs are to still work diligently with the NMD to identify transition plans for the youth during the time benefits are being extended beyond the age of 21.

For NMD's ages 18-20 when determining eligibility for the EFC program, CSWs should be mindful/flexible when working with NMDs who may be experiencing disruptions that may have an impact on their ability to meet the eligibility criteria, but would have been met under ordinary circumstances. In order to qualify for continued funding, the NMD must meet the following criteria:

- 1. Met eligibility requirements for the Extended Foster Care (EFC) program;
- Lost their employment due to COVID-19;
- Education program has been disrupted due to COVID-19;

4. As a result of the above is unable to otherwise meet the participations requirements as described in the All County Letter 20-45.

For NMD's ages 18 to 20 who no longer meet the AB12 participation requirements, the funding for these youth will continue as usual. Please note, this does not apply to youth receiving extended Kin-GAP or AAP payments.

29. I still have questions, who can I contact about them?

If you have any questions/recommendations that we have not been able to answer, please e-mail Andrya Markham-Moguel at markha@dcfs.lacounty.gov with subject line: FAQ Recommendations

Want More Information?

Here are a few resources to help keep you informed during this time:

- 1. United States Centers for Disease Prevention and Control (CDC) https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-nCoV/index.html
- 2. World Health Organization (WHO, International)
 https://www.who.int/health-topics/coronavirus/coronavirus/
- 3. California Department of Public Health https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/Immunization/ncov2019.aspx
- 4. California Department of Education https://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/he/hn/coronavirus.asp
- 5. California Department of Social Services https://www.cdss.ca.gov/
- 6. Los Angeles County Department of Public Health http://publichealth.lacounty.gov/media/Coronavirus/
- 7. Los Angeles County Department of Mental Health "Coping with Stress" Flyers (available in 13 languages)

 https://dmb.losoupty.gov/covid 10 information/

https://dmh.lacounty.gov/covid-19-information/

8. Los Angeles County Office of Education https://www.lacoe.edu/Home/Health-and-Safety/Coronavirus-Resources



ACountyDCFS

9. Los Angeles Unified School District https://achieve.lausd.net/latestnews

Hotline for families: (213) 443-1300

- 10. Long Beach Unified School District http://www.lbschools.net/District/coronavirus.cfm
- 11. LAC+USC VIP Hub COVID-19 Warmline: 323-409-3090
- 12. Harbor UCLA Medical Center HUB: 424-306-7270 or 424-306-7271
- 13. Los Angeles Health Services COVID-19 Nurse advice line 844-804-0055 (available 7 days a week from 7:00am-7:00pm)
- 14. If you are having payment or voucher problems, please contact the Foster Care Hotline at (800) 697-4444.

Online Education Resources for All Ages

Keep Learning at Home Online Resources

- https://www.abcmouse.com/redeem
 *1st month FREE thereafter \$10 a month
- www.khanacademy.org
- https://mysterydoug.com/

Art

https://www.artforkidshub.com/

English

- https://reading.ecb.org/
- www.squigglepark.com
- www.scholastic.com/learnathome
- https://www.storylineonline.net/https://www.storylineonline.net/

Math

- https://www.mathgametime.com/
- https://www.mathplayground.com
- https://play.prodigygame.com/

https://www.splashlearn.com/

Mixed Subjects & Other

- https://www.abcya.com/
- https://www.funbrain.com/
- https://www.gonoodle.com/good-energy-at-home-kids-games-and-videos/
- https://www.highlightskids.com/
- https://jr.brainpop.com/
- https://pbskids.org/
- www.starfall.com

Science/Technology

- https://code.org/student/elementary
- https://mysteryscience.com/
- https://www.nasa.gov/kidsclub/index.html
- https://kids.nationalgeographic.com/
- https://www.typingclub.com/

Social Studies

- https://www.historyforkids.net/
- https://kids.nationalgeographic.com/
- https://www.si.edu/kids
- https://www.timeforkids.com/

Virtual Fieldtrips

https://adventuresinfamilyhood.com/20-virtual-field-trips-to-take-with-your-kids.html

Children and Youth (0-17)

- **Education:** Free access to Spectrum Broadband and Wi-Fi for 60 Days for New K-12 and College Student Households. For more information, click here https://corporate.charter.com/newsroom/charter-to-offer-free-access-to-spectrum-broadband-and-wifi-for-60-days-for-new-K12-and-college-student-households-and-more
- Education: Free access to L'il Libros worksheets for kids For more information, click here https://lillibros.com/
- Education: Starting Monday, March 16, students in Pre-K through 12th grade will have the opportunity to access free, educational PBS daytime programming designated for each grade level weekdays (For more information, click here https://www.pbssocal.org/education/at-home-learning/1!)

- **Education:** <u>FB Group</u> for parents to get support with home learning click here: https://www.facebook.com/groups/temphomeschoolers/
- Education: MIND Research Institute is offering no cost access to a free math instructional program
 for students in grades K-8. (For more information, click
 https://www.stmath.com/coronavirus?fbclid=IwAR2Z9kqIE7kBcVq7YdAEYuvWQEW2quTvZ6m9KSz
 zMeyeiT9wHYcwgpmeRv0
- **Education**: Scholastic offers free, online learning experiences for kids of all ages. For more information, click https://classroommagazines.scholastic.com/support/learnathome.html
- **Education:** PBS offers free educational daytime programming designated for K-12 each through the following channels:
 - Pre-K 3rd grade on PBS SoCal, Pre-K 12th grade on KLCS, 9th 12th grade on KCET
 - For more info: click <a href="https://www.kcet.org/at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-home-learning/more-about-at-ho

California Connections Academy Online School

Tuition-free online public school for TK-12

https://www.connectionsacademy.com/

FAQ https://www.connectionsacademy.com/support/frequently-asked-questions#tuition

California Virtual Academy Online School

Connections runs several online public schools in California and southern California branch has responded confirming that the program is tuition free and that there is no student cap. https://cava.k12.com/

* Education: Free access to Spectrum Broadband and Wi-Fi For 60 Days For New K-12 and College Student Households

(For more information, click here https://www.spectrum.com/

LACOE Early Education Resources, click <u>www.Prekkid.org</u> Adults (18-64)

Housing: STUDENTS/ FOSTER YOUTH

* If you are or know of a foster youth that is staying at a college dorm room that is going to be closed due to the coronavirus, please email info@togetherwerise.org and they will provide or help you find housing during this transition.

Internet & Cellphone Service

Free

- Comcast COVID-19 Response (https://corporate.comcast.com/covid-19): offers free WiFi for 2 months to low income families plus all Xfinity hot-spots are free to the public during this time. Click here to find a hot-spot near you.
- Charter Response (https://corporate.charter.com/newsroom/charter-to-offer-free-access-tospectrum-broadband-and-wifi-for-60-days-for-new-K12-and-college-student-households-and-more): free internet offer for 2 months to new subscribers with K-12 and/or college students.
- Altice/Suddenlink Response (https://www.alticeusa.com/news/articles/feature/corporate/alticeusa-brings-free-broadband-k-12-and-college-students-during-coronavirus-pandemic): offers internet to any new subscriber free for 60 days, no late fees or terminations for existing customers.
- **Angeles** Los Locator (https://lacounty.maps.arcgis.com/apps/ZoneLookup/index.html?appid=e6fbcad3b92244cabcb7b2130e5f fae7): Finds possible WiFi hotspot near you.

Discounted

- AT&T COVID-19 Response: offers \$10/month plans to low income families. Check site for eligibility
- EveryoneOn (https://www.everyoneon.org/): Offers a database searchable by zipcode to help families find low-cost computers and internet service
- Upgrades to existing service plans
- T-Mobile COVID-19 Response: follows FCC agreement, plus unlimited data to existing customers, and, coming soon, will allow all handsets to enable hot-spots for 60 days at no extra charge.

If you need temporary relief in paying for internet or cellphone service...

The Federal Communications Commission agreement If you have existing service, by this agreement, your provider should waive late fee and not cut off service for lack of payment. Check with your provider to see if you are eligible and what qualifications there may be.

Offers to continue their Spectrum Internet, click here https://www.spectrum.com/browse/content/spectrum-internet-assist.html

program: high-speed broadband program to eligible low-income households

Offers two free months of internet and Wi-Fi services for K-12 and college students affected by the current school closures, in households not already subscribed to Spectrum Internet For more information, click https://www.spectrum.net/support/internet/coronavirus-covid-19information-spectrum-customers

Free audible resources

https://stories.audible.com/